

dents to the lowland landscape; it generally builds on the low branches of trees or bushes, heaping together a mass of sticks and leaves, in the centre of which is formed a shallow bowl, with softer materials. Each female lays 4 eggs; several pairs, however, usually occupy one nest, in which 20 or more eggs are often found. These are oval, or oblong oval, rounded at both ends, measuring from $\frac{5}{6}$ by 1 inch, to $1\frac{1}{2}$ by $1\frac{1}{2}$, seagreen, covered with a white chalky substance, removed by washing. In the absence of the birds, which, however, is rarely the case after incubation commences, the eggs are covered up with leaves. I have never heard of the Savanna blackbirds being taught to speak. Whenever a flock of Guinea fowls is feeding, the Ani are often to be found at hand, as it were keeping guard, and giving instant alarm on the approach of any one.

87. *COCZZUS DOMINICUS*.* The May Witch is a constant resident in the island, and more common in the lowlands during the summer than *C. seniculus*. It breeds from March till July, and builds in the low branches of trees or shrubs, or on penguin fences. The nest is a structure of a few dry sticks, so loosely put together that it falls to pieces on any attempt to remove it; 3, rarely 4 eggs are laid; they are glaucous green oval, generally though not always round at both ends, and vary in size from $1\frac{1}{4}$ by $\frac{7}{8}$ to $1\frac{3}{8}$ by 1 inch.

88. *COCZZUS SENICULUS*.—The nest of the black-eared Cuckoo is sometimes though not so frequently found in the same localities, and at the same times as those of its congener. The nidification, form, color and dimensions of the eggs are so like that the ownership of a nest can only be determined by the presence of the bird.

There is another Cuckoo often met with in the Mangrove swamps, on the seacoast, known as the Mangrove Cuckoo. It closely resembles the May Witch, except in its smaller size. It is, I think, only a visitor. This may be the *C. erythrophthalmus* or an allied species.

Descriptions of fourteen new species of MELANIDÆ and one PALUDINA.

BY ISAAC LEA.

GONIOBASIS MILESII.—Testa lœvi, subfusciformi, olivaceâ, evittatâ; spirâ subelevatâ; suturis irregulariter impressis; anfractibus senis, subinflatâ; aperiturâ submagnâ, subrhomboideâ, intus subfuscâ; labro acuto, vix sinuoso; columellâ purpureâ, parum incurvâ.

Habitat.—Tuscola County, Michigan, M. Miles, State Zoologist.

GONIOBASIS LITHASIODES.—Testa lœvi, subfusciformi, corneâ, evittâ; spirâ conoideâ; suturis impressis; anfractibus senis, subconstrictis, supernè planulatis; aperturâ grandiusculâ, rhomboideâ, intus albidâ; labro acuto, parum sinuoso; columellâ albâ, inflectâ, parum contortâ.

Hab.—Ohio, J. P. Kirtland, M. D.

GONIOBASIS DECAMPII.—Testa plicatâ, infernè striatâ, valdè attenuatâ, tenui, corneâ, evittatâ; spirâ subulatâ; suturis linearibus, impressis; anfractibus instar denis, subconvexis, supernè plicis aliquantò flexis; aperturâ parvissimâ, subrhomboideâ, intus albidâ; labro acuto, parum sinuoso; columellâ albidâ incurvâ et contortâ.

Hab.—Huntsville, Alabama, Wm. H. DeCamp, M. D., Surgeon U. S. Army.

GONIOBASIS INFORMIS.—Testa lœvi, cylindrico-conicâ, tenebroso-cornea, evit-

* This species is the *C. americanus*, or Yellow-billed Cuckoo, of Gosse. I find it, however, to be quite distinct from the North American bird, and identify it with the *C. dominicus*, of the older authors: a species generally referred to the *C. eentulus*, of Aud., *C. minor*, of Cabanis, Baird and others. (B.)

tatā; spirā parum exsertā; suturis irregulariter impressis; aperturā parviusculā, subovatā, intus albida; labro acuto, valde sinuoso; columellā albā et valde contortā.

Hab.—Falls of the Ohio at Louisville, W. H. DeCamp, M. D.

GONIOBASIS LOUISVILLENSIS.—Testā lāvi, fusiformi, tenebroso-corneā, evitata; spirā curtā; suturis irregulariter impressis; anfractibus instar quinis, subconvexis; aperturā subgrandi, longo-ellipticā, intus albā; labro acuto, vix sinuoso; columellā albā, supernē incrassatā, aliquantō contortā.

Hab.—Falls of the Ohio at Louisville, W. H. DeCamp, M. D.

GONIOBASIS INFANTULA.—Testā lāvi, fusiformi, tenebroso-corneā, valde vitata; spirā curtā; suturis vix impressis; anfractibus quinis, supernē planulatis; aperturā subgrandi, ovatā, intus vittatā; labro acuto, vix sinuoso; columellā purpureā, incrassatā et contortā.

Hab.—Falls of the Ohio at Louisville, W. H. DeCamp, M. D.

GONIOBASIS ATERINA.—Testā lāvi, subfusiformi, atrā vel virido atrā, crassiusculā; spirā obtusā; suturis regulariter impressis; anfractibus senis, convexiusculis; aperturā subgrandi, subovatā, intus purpureā, aliquantō albida; labro acuto, vix sinuoso; columellā inflectā, purpureā, incrassatā et contortā.

Hab.—Gap Spring, Cumberland Gap; and Rogers' Spring, West of Fin-castle, East Tennessee, Capt. S. S. Lyon, U. S. Army.

GONIOBASIS PORRECTA.—Testā striatā, attenuatā, tenebroso-fuscā, uno-vittatā; spirā attenuatā, acuminatā; suturis valde impressis; anfractibus novenis, planulatis; aperturā parvā, ovatā, intus albida vel tenebrosā; labro acuto, parum sinuoso; columellā inflectā et contortā.

Hab.—Gap Creek and Spring, Cumberland Gap, East Tennessee, Capt. S. S. Lyon, U. S. Army.

GONIOBASIS VITTATELLA.—Testā lāvi vel subcarinatā, conoideā, tenebroso-fuscā, uno-vittatā; spirā subacuminatā; suturis linearibus; anfractibus octonis, planulatis; aperturā parvā, subrhomboideā, intus tenebrosā; labro acuto, parum sinuoso; columellā inflectā et contortā.

Hab.—Cumberland Gap, East Tennessee, Capt. S. S. Lyon, U. S. Army.

GONIOBASIS CUMBERLANDIENSIS.—Testā lāvi, acuminato-conoideā, subtenui, rufo-fuscā; spirā subelevatā; suturis regulariter impressis; anfractibus octonis, convexiusculis; aperturā parviusculā, subrhomboideā, intus albida vel purpurecente; labro acuto, parum sinuoso; columellā albida vel purpureā, inflectā et contortā.

Hab.—Gap Spring, Cumberland Gap, Capt. Lyon; and Knoxville, Tennessee, Wm. Spillman, M. D.

TRYPANOSTOMA CURRIERANUM.—Testā carinatā, valde attenuatā, tenebroso-fusco-vittatā; spirā valde exsertā; suturis linearibus, vix impressis; anfractibus, instar denis, planulatis; aperturā parvā, rhomboideā, intus vittatā; labro acuto, valde sinuoso; columellā albida et valde contortā.

Hab.—Florence, Alabama, W. H. DeCamp, M. D.

TRYPANOSTOMA LYONII.—Testā lāvi, conicā, virido-corneā, evittatā; spirā subelevatā; suturis impressis; anfractibus instar senis, convexis; aperturā parviusculā, rhomboideā, intus albida; labro acuto, valde sinuoso; columellā albā, infernē incrassatā et contortā.

Hab.—Cumberland River, near the Ford and Big Creek, south of Cumberland Gap, East Tennessee, Capt. Lyon, U. S. Army.

TRYPANOSTOMA CURTATUM.—Testā lāvi, pyramidatā, luteolā, crassā; spirā obtusā; suturis irregulariter impressis; anfractibus instar septenis, planulatis,

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ultimo impresso; aperturâ rhombicâ, intus albidâ; labro acuto, expanso, valdè sinuoso; columellâ incrassatâ, inflectâ et valdè contortâ.

Hab.—Powell's River, near Cumberland Gap, East Tennessee, Capt. Lyon, U. S. Army.

AMNICOLA CURRIERIANA.—Testâ lævi, suborbiculari, tenui, luteo-corneâ; spirâ depressâ; suturis impressis; anfractibus quaternis, supernè geniculatâ; aperturâ subconstrictâ, semi-lunatâ, intus diaphanâ; labro acuto, expanso, retrorso; columellâ incrassatâ, latâ et impressâ.

Hab.—Huntsville, Alabama, W. H. DeCamp, M. D.

PALUDINA MILESI.—Testâ lævi, subpyramidalâ, subcrassâ, imperforatâ; spirâ exsertâ; suturis valdè impressis; anfractibus senis, subinflatis; aperturâ parviusculâ, subovatâ; labro acuto, parum sinuoso; columellâ supernè et infernè parum incrassatâ.

Hab.—Branch Lake, Antrim County, Michigan, M. Miles.

June 2d.

The President, Mr. LEA, in the Chair.

Twenty-three members present.

Mr. Vaux announced the death, on the 26th of May, of Mr. John McCanless, and on the 29th, of Dr. John Y. Clark, late members; and Mr. Lesley announced the death of Prof. C. G. C. Reinhardt, of Leyden, late a correspondent.

The following was presented for publication:

Descriptions of two new species of *Spermophilus*. By Robert Kennicott.

June 9th.

The President, Mr. LEA, in the Chair.

Nineteen members present.

Mr. Cassin announced the death, on the 8th inst., of Edward Harris, of Moorestown, N. J., aged 64, late a member.

Dr. Slack exhibited a living specimen of *Capromys pilorides*, from Cuba.

The following was presented for publication:

Does the Moon influence the temperature of the Earth's atmosphere? By James Lewis, M. D.

June 16th.

The President, Mr. LEA, in the Chair.

Fifteen members present.

The following were presented for publication:

Descriptions of eleven new species of Exotic Unionidae, and descriptions of twenty-four species of Unionidæ of the United States. By Isaac Lea.

[June,